

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

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EIGHT MILLION WORKMEN

A KNIGHT OF LABOR SCHEME TO UNITE THEM AS ONE.

All the Knights, Railroad Employees' Unions, Amalgamated Men, and Every Branch of Organized Labor Skilled and Unskilled, to be Included—*Labor News*, PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—The Times says:

"Ever since the memorable strikes on the Reading and the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad systems, in which the Knights of Labor, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen were worsted in their struggles, there has been a scheme in contemplation, proposed by the Knights of Labor, which, if the negotiations now in active progress are satisfactory, will join together 8,000,000 of workingmen with an insatiable hand and exert a powerful industrial and political influence all over the United States.

"The scheme, which had been brewing ever since the last general assembly of the knights in Minneapolis, was first broached by General Master Workman Powderly and several members of the Knights of Labor executive board to the leading officials of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen during the conference between the Knights of Labor and the above organizations in this city last March, when it was proposed to settle the differences between the knights and the Brotherhood men on the reading system.

"The consolidation was both favored and opposed by those present at the conference, and it was argued that while a union would be in a general sense beneficial, that the needs of each industrial branch were varied, and no one organization could be made to serve the general purposes of between 8,000,000 and 10,000,000 men.

"The propositions to organize were submitted as follows:

"That all labor associations shall be under the direction of one supreme head, who shall be elected by the delegates of every industrial organization at a general convention.

"That each organization shall be represented in the general councils by an executive committee.

"That every separate industrial organization shall retain the individuality they now possess, and be under the command of a chief officer, whose only superior shall be the supreme head of the consolidation.

"That the object of affiliating the interests of the different associations shall be for the purpose of rendering moral and financial assistance to each other when differences arise that can only be adjusted by a strike.

"If this National consolidation is effected, it will include the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, the Order of Railroad Conductors, the Brotherhood of Brakemen, the Switchmen's association, the National Association of Amalgamated Iron and Steel Workers, the Knights of Labor and every industrial organization that lies within its jurisdiction, the textile workers, the coal miners, and every branch of organized labor, skilled and unskilled.

"The matter will be brought before the National convention of Locomotive Firemen in Atlanta, September 10, the general assembly of the Knights of Labor and the National conventions of all the leading labor organizations.

"Every precaution has been observed to keep the matter a profound secret until the negotiations have reached a condition when the scheme can be made known in all its completeness with the idea that with the matter settled on between the leading organizations, the lesser one will be forced to join the grand amalgamation, whether willing or not. The Knights of Labor have been the prime movers in the scheme and are making every effort toward the furtherance of its consummation.

"Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, is urging the firemen, brakemen, conductors and switchmen to unite with the engineers under one head in a National association, and if the negotiations to organize all branches of organized labor are not successful the chances are that the 800,000 men representing the above five organizations, and covering every railroad in the United States, will join hands in the one cause.

"The arguments advanced by the opposers of the scheme are that it is a stroke of policy on the part of the Knights of Labor, who, finding their organization is losing power among workingmen and prestige among employers, have as a last resort proposed this union to save their own organization."

A Strike Imminent.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., July 9.—Chief Arthur left here Friday morning after having investigated the difficulty between the local Brotherhood and the eastern railway officials. He gave his consent to the strike if ordered by the local Brotherhood, unless a favorable reply is received to the demand to reinstate discharged Engineer Monahan. It is not thought that Monahan will be reinstated, and a strike seems imminent. The road employs about two hundred engineers. Chief Arthur seems to have been convinced that Monahan was justified in striking Superintendent Jarrett, who used very provoking language.

Hunters Hunted.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—The bodies of five men, riddled with bullets from Winchester rifles, have been found in the wilds of the Kiuchi mountains, Choctaw Nation, fifty miles from Denver. They were supposed to be hunters from Texas, as their camps were still standing. Fifty yards away was found another dead body, supposed to be that of one of the attacking parties. None of the bodies have been identified, but the general impression is that a fight occurred between the hunters and mountaineers.

Fire in the Century Office.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Fire was discovered on the top floor of the Century publication office on Eighteenth street shortly after midnight Friday night. The building adjoins the Everett house and the excitement in the hotel became intense. The guests dressed hurriedly and sought refuge in the street. The hotel was at no time in danger, however. The total loss to the tenants of the Century building is estimated at \$250,000, and on building \$50,000.

ITALIAN EMIGRANTS.

Some Startling Facts Regarding Those Now in New York City.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The Italian Emigrant society have hard work on their hands at the present time to save Italians in this city from the results of the over-emigration from Italy to this country this year. Nearly 40,000 men, ranging in age from twenty-three to forty, entered through Castle Garden in the past six months, and of these one-third at least remained in the city and suburbs. Thousands of these are now without work, without money and are depending upon the society for the bare necessities of life. It is estimated that there are at least 8,000 of Italians in New York and Brooklyn in absolute want of food. Their shelter at night is most wretched and owing to their destitution any place to rest in is accepted.

Tenements controlled by their countrymen in Mulberry, Mott, Baxter, East One Hundred and Eighth, East One Hundred and Thirteenth, East One Hundred and Fourteenth and East One Hundred and Fifteenth streets, and York, Front and Prospect streets in Brooklyn are crowded by them to such an extent as to endanger the sanitary condition of the surrounding localities. The board of health has awakened to the necessity of action in connection with this over crowding. It issued an order yesterday that the population of several tenement houses in Mulberry street be reduced. The people occupying those tenements are nearly all Italians. Each tenement sheltered on an average 420 persons, though they are only fifty feet houses, five stories high.

The order of the board of health is that the number located in each house henceforth shall not exceed 188 persons. This order will soon be extended to other tenements. But what is to be done with those who will be dispossessed is the problem for the society to solve. Manager Marzo says he expects soon to obtain aid from the country by which work can be had for the idlers. He had an order to-day from Virginia for a large number to go there and help build railroads, and he expects to place many at mining and as farm hands, but he sees many difficulties in the way, such as the want of knowledge of the habits and language of the country and the effect of change of climate and the trouble of getting the food to which they were accustomed, and he fears in consequence that many will not only be a burden on the society, but will prove one also to the country.

NO PLACE FOR DYSPEPTICS.

Bill of Fare for the Coming Fat Men's Clam Bake.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The Fat Men's association, comprising a membership that extends throughout all of the New England states, has settled on August 15 for its annual clam bake, and the committee on supplies has ordered the following to make up the bill of fare:

Forty barrels of clams, six oxen, ten sheep, 400 chickens, 700 mince pies, forty hogsheads of wine, ten barrels of gin, ten barrels of ale, fifteen barrels of whiskey, 200 boxes of lemons, ten tons of fish, three carloads of green corn, one hundred barrels of sweet potatoes, thirty bushels of white potatoes, 4,000 loaves of bread, 800 watermelons, 500 muskmelons, fifty bunches of bananas, 800 quarts of ice cream, 3,000 cigars.

To the uninitiated, and to those who have never attended one of the olden time bakes of the association, this bill of fare may seem the least bit exaggerated, but to the great mountain of obesity that yearly congregates on the banks of the Norwalk harbor, in the pretty little grove recently rechristened "Belden Point," it seems woefully small, and the members are holding their fat sides with woebegone countenances, and wondering where they can get enough to eat.

About the Same as Last Year.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 9.—The regular monthly crop report for the Memphis district, which embraces west Tennessee, north Mississippi, north Arkansas and north Alabama, to be published to-morrow by Hill, Fontaine & Company, will say that there is very little difference in the general condition of the cotton crop now, as compared with last year at this period.

Injured By a Skyrocket.

AKRON, O., July 9.—A strange and terrible accident happened here, Friday evening. While the family of L. K. Mihills, Esq., were seated quietly in their home, they were horrified by a crash through a window, a terrific explosion and then a sea of fire and everything dark from smoke, which, clearing up, revealed the seven-year-old son of Mr. Charles Mihills lying on the floor, his head and face covered with blood. The whole affair was caused by the accidental direction of a monster sky-rocket which smashed in the window and then struck the lad on the head and exploded. The boy is very badly hurt, a fearful scalp wound being inflicted. It took a lively fight against the fire to save the house.

The Chicago Dynamiters.

CHICAGO, July 9.—The arrest of the engineer who, it is alleged, intended to wreck Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad property by dynamite, is still the talk of the hour. General Manager Stone and the other officials of the road believe the man guilty. He says they obtained the dynamite from the Brotherhood's hall at Aurora. The three men have not been able to give the \$500 bond required of each, but the fourth, Bauerleisen, was released, a merchant, going his security.

The Jersey Mosquito.

NEW YORK, July 9.—John J. Collins, a lunatic, who escaped from the Hudson county almshouse, at Snake Hill, N. J., two hours after his admission, was found to-day wandering on the Hackensack meadows. The mosquito had attacked him savagely, and in such numbers that he was nearly dead from the effects of their bites. He was taken to the hospital.

Jumped the Track.

CHATTANOOGA, July 9.—The north bound train on the Selma, Rome & Dalton road ran off the track at Tecumseh, Ala., totally demolishing the engine and doing great damage to rolling stock. Fireman Gus Bryant jumped from the cab and broke his neck. The engineer made a miraculous escape. Several persons were slightly hurt.

IT MAY LAST FOR YEARS.

THE UNCERTAINTY NOW PREVAILING IN EUROPE.

French Officers and Privates Anxious to Spend Their Time in Making Thorough Soldiers of Themselves—Target Practice One of Their Daily Duties.

LONDON, July 9.—Austrian statesmen are compelled by parliamentary necessities to give to the world from time to time some statement of policy. From the speeches in which Count Kalnoky and M. Tisza reply to interpolations, from similar speeches by Signor Crispi and by English ministers, and from the occasional speeches or articles of Prince Bismarck, the world has for many months gathered the only trustworthy information about the relations of the various great powers.

The gist of the utterances of these official sources for the past week is that the causes of anxiety which existed last winter, and for some time previously have not been removed. The danger lies in the general relations of the powers, not in particular circumstances, and the discord is rather between nations than between cabinets.

At present, however, the cabinets are less uneasy than they were. The uncertainty may possibly be removed, but it is quite possible also that it may last for years, during which time any power that cares to survive must remain alert and ready, meanwhile the pecuniary demands of the powers for the purpose of further permanent military preparations have been noted with scarcely a murmur of dissent.

These pecuniary strains upon the resources of the various nations, if continued much longer, can result only in general bankruptcy or a life and death struggle between them.

The report that Emperor William at his coming meeting with the czar will propose that the powers extricate themselves from their difficulty by fixing by convention a limit to their respective armaments, has had the effect of creating a suspicion which is leading to fresh activity. The proposal is not new and the difficulties in the way of its adoption are obvious.

The institute of international law at its meeting at Heidelberg such a proposal and coming from such a body, the suggestion at that time created no such suspicion as the report does now, that Emperor William intends to make such a proposition. On the contrary it was then received with marked favor by the majority of European statesmen.

If Emperor William should make such a proposal to the czar, there is little doubt that in the present temper of Europe, the powers will refuse to consent to a partial and proportional disarmament.

In well informed circles, the report is not credited, the general belief being that Emperor William is so thoroughly imbued with Bismarck's ideas that if such a proposition were made to him, he would refuse even to consider it.

The Iron Chancellor unquestionably likes to continue posing before all Europe as the "weaponed man," who at a moment's notice, could make his country's hosts and those of its allies swoop down upon any would-be disturber of the peace. He also likes to remain the dictator of the home politics of Germany, by always holding the spectre of a possible warlike contingency before the eyes of his countrymen.

Such measures as was recently taken in regard to Alsace-Lorraine are only temporary and meant to produce that effect. So far Prince Bismarck may be right. But the wisdom of his occasional provoking tactics is doubted. At all events although these tactics are calculated to intimidate Frenchmen to quiet behavior, the result in general is the continuance of much bitterness of feeling.

The report that Prince Bismarck intends to increase the stringency of his passport regulations has increased the bitterness of the feelings of Frenchmen towards Germany and will have the effect as have all the other efforts of the German chancellor, to belittle France in the eyes of the world, of stimulating the ranks and file of the French army to renewed efforts to make themselves more thoroughly efficient in the arts of war. Officers and privates who recently complained of excessive drill and other military exercises seem now anxious to spend their whole time in making themselves thorough soldiers.

In fact Prince Bismarck's recent measures against France have done more toward making soldiers of Frenchmen than could have fifty Boulards.

A well known diplomatist recently said that Prince Bismarck was of the opinion that the French are not able single-handed, to risk war; that their army is not sufficiently organized, and that the people in general do not desire it. The latter assertion is probably true, the first will have to be proven and the second is undoubtedly a grave mistake, as the German chancellor will find to his cost if he continues to goad the French people.

Very few soldiers are to be met within Paris; but a great many regiments are mounted round the capital, ready to come down upon it in case of need. The French infantry regiments may be not as tidy in appearance as German regiments, but they are undoubtedly as well drilled, the majority of them being excellent marksmen while the remainder are becoming more efficient, as target practice is one of their daily duties.

In artillery the French are, no doubt, ahead of most nations. Upon the whole, if Prince Bismarck goads France into a war he will find that Germany has a better disciplined army to fight than he imagined.

Foreign Notes.
Russia has signed the convention for the abolition of sugar bounties.

The treaty between the holy see and the United States of Columbia regarding religious matters has been ratified.

The pope intends to invite the co-operation of Catholic and other governments in determined and other efforts to bring about a total suppression of slave dealing wherever it prevails.

The man who swindled the Discompt Geellschafts, by means of forged checks is an American named Pearce. The police

have a clew to his whereabouts and expect to arrest him soon.

The municipal council of Paris has granted £13,500 for the erection of a pedestal on the Grenelle bridge for the Statue of Liberty presented to this city by Mr. Morton, the ex-United States minister, on behalf of the American colony.

The Italian chamber of deputies Friday, by a vote of 102 to 68, adopted a bill to construct 1870 miles of railway in southern districts where railroads do not now exist. The cost will be \$4,000,000. The vote greatly strengthens the position of the cabinet.

A new steamer, The Czar, is about to make an experimental voyage on the Oxus. If the results are satisfactory a regular steamer service for passengers and merchandise will be established between Chardjou and Petrovsk, in Russian Khiva.

STRUCK BY A CYCLONE.

The Village of Edwardsburg, Indiana, Almost Completely Wrecked.

CHICAGO, July 9.—A destructive cyclone struck the town of Edwardsburg, Ind., about 11 o'clock Friday night, creating sad havoc throughout the village. The town consists of about seven hundred inhabitants, and contains between 200 and 300 buildings. It is located on the Grand Trunk railway, 113 miles from Chicago, on the shores of Deamen lake, a body of water about three miles long and two miles wide. The wind struck the village with terrific force, overturning and carrying away many of the houses.

There is not a business house in the place but that it is damaged to more or less extent, and the town is almost a complete wreck. A large and handsome hotel that had just been completed, and had not yet been furnished up was moved about fifteen feet from its foundations and completely wrecked. Several dwelling houses were unroofed and a number of barns were destroyed, leaving the horses and cattle unharmed.

No one was injured as far as known. The little lake was turned into a veritable sea and the pleasure boats that were upon it were lifted bodily out of the water and thrown up high and dry on the land.

Storm in Minnesota and Dakota.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 9.—A great storm passed over western and central Minnesota, and eastern Dakota Friday. The wind reached the velocity of a hurricane. At Shakopee, Minn., the great building of the Wampum Furnace company was so badly wrecked that it was impossible to run the machinery. The loss is \$5,000. The Cooper building was demolished, and Kohl & Berens store unroofed. Several residences and barns were blown away.

At Redwood Falls, Minn., several buildings were topped over, and some were burned by lightning. Much damage to fences and crops is reported from the country.

At St. Peter, Minn., lightning burned a barn containing several valuable horses and two other buildings.

Many hundred acres of corn were destroyed by hail. Many buildings were blown down in the vicinity of Rosewell, Dakota Territory, where the storm swept a strip of country twenty miles wide.

At Vilas, hill did considerable damage to growing wheat, corn and oats.

BASE BALL.

Standing of the League, American Association and Tri-State Clubs.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Won.	Lost.
Brooklyn	42	20
St. Louis	37	18
Athletics	35	22
Cincinnatis	35	24
Baltimore	27	3

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

MONDAY EVEN'G, JULY 9, 1888.

THE Bourbon News thinks that "Free Whisky and Welcome to the Chinese" should be inscribed on every Republican banner.

The completion of the Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad should mark the beginning of a boom for this city. And it will if our citizens will only wake up and go to work.

No President who has been re-nominated for a second term has been defeated with the two exceptions of John Quincy Adams and Martin Van Buren. The rule has been re-election.

MR. ARNOUR, the Chicago beef-packer who works 2,700 hands, has declared for Cleveland and Thurman. He has been a Republican all his life, but says he can't stand on a high protective platform.

ILLINOIS and Michigan will give the Republicans lots of worry and trouble in the present campaign. There are excellent prospects of these two States swinging over into the Democratic column.

The local option people seem to be getting the best of the fight over in Ohio. Up to June 1st, 23 of the 1,700 townships in that State had voted on the question. Of these 232 were for prohibition, closing 465 saloons.

A PROPOSITION to subscribe \$50,000 to the Kentucky Midland Railroad Company has been submitted to the voters of Paris. The election will come off on the 26th of this month. Bourbon County has already subscribed \$150,000 to the company.

A FEW years ago the per capita allowed by the State for the benefit of public schools was about \$1.55. This year it reaches \$2.05. The increase has been steady and very gratifying under the wise administration of Professor Joseph Desha Pickett as Superintendent.

The Democratic recruits are increasing day by day. Judge Neland, one of the most prominent Republicans of Minnesota, has come over and will support Cleveland and Thurman, on the tariff issue. He scorns the idea that protection has benefited America, and gives sound reasons for his belief: "The people of the United States owe their better condition to the richer natural resources of the country, and to their ability to do work upon those resources, and not to any protective tariff."

KENTUCKY stands third among the Southern States in the number of miles of railroad completed during the first five months of this year, having built 132 miles since January 1st. During the same time 2,212 miles of track have been laid in the Union. This is a very large amount to be reported so early in the year, and indicates that the total for 1888 is nearly certain to exceed 8,000 miles, with a likelihood that it will reach 10,000 miles, and a possibility that it may not fall short of 12,000 miles. Almost 13,000 miles of track were laid in 1887, the year of greatest construction ever known.

The provision of the General Statutes allowing a litigant to swear the Judge off the bench when he makes affidavit that he doesn't believe the court will give him a fair trial, has recently been ruled upon by several very good Judges, and by them decided to be unconstitutional and some very lengthy opinions have been handed down from the bench to support the ruling. Without passing upon the soundness of these adjudications, we think no Judge ought ever to stop and debate the litigant's right to swear him off, but without hesitation step down and out whenever such an affidavit is filed. Judges are only men after all, and it is sometimes both desirable and necessary for parties to have this privilege in order to get a fair trial and justice administered with an impartial hand.

DEMOCRACY advocates and enforces protection to industry, but denounces and prevents bounty to monopoly. Republicanism promotes bounties to corrupt monopolies and leaves honest industries to take care of itself as best it can. But the bounty that builds up the monopoly enables it to dictate its own terms to industry, and so honest labor goes to the wall. When a dozen employers want to hire a workman, the workman secures good wages. When there is only one employer, he fixes the rate of wages, and the workman gets poor pay. The Republican monopoly and trust system decreases the number of employers and creates a monopoly over the labor market as well as over other markets. It means low wages and work only when the monopolies choose to give it instead of high wages and steady jobs which result from brisk business and lively competition.—New York Star.

At the Presidential election on the 6th day of next November the American citizens will have a wide and varied assortment of candidates to select from. Here is the list, with, let us hope, all the parties heard from, in the order of their nominations:

INDUSTRIAL REFORM PARTY.

For President—Albert E. Redstone, of California.

For Vice President—John Colvin, of Kansas, Nominated at Washington, February 21.

WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS.

For President—Belva A. Lockwood, of Washington.

For Vice President—A. H. Love, of Pennsylvania.

Nominated at Des Moines, May 15.

UNION LABOR PARTY.

For President—A. J. Streater, of Illinois.

For Vice President—Chas. E. Channing, of Arkansas.

Nominated at Cincinnati, May 16.

UNITED LABOR PARTY.

For President—Robt. H. Cowdry, of Illinois.

For Vice President—W. R. T. Wakefield, of Kansas.

Nominated at Cincinnati, May 17.

PROHIBITION PARTY.

For President—Clitou B. Fiske, of New Jersey.

For Vice President—John A. Brooks, of Missouri.

Nominated at Indianapolis, May 31.

DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

For President—Grover Cleveland, of New York.

For Vice President—Allen G. Thurman, of Ohio.

Nominated at St. Louis, June 18.

REPUBLICAN PARTY.

For President—Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana.

For Vice President—Levi P. Morton, of New York.

Nominated at Chicago, June 25.

Of all men who became famous as champions of Democracy in its twenty-four years of defeat Allen G. Thurman is, aside from Bayard, who belongs to a later generation, practically the sole survivor. Since the national Democratic convention of 1884 assembled, death has removed nearly all of the ancient party leaders. Tilden, Seymour, Hendricks, McClellan and Hancock have all died within the last four years.

Thurman is the connecting link between the new and the old Democracy. He stands for all that is of good report in either. He is an honest man, a universal favorite, a statesman who finds his enemies not in parties but in classes. No Republican as a Republican objects to him. He has been the tribune of the whole people.

It is a fortunate thing for the Democratic party that it has such a man at hand willing to be summoned into its service. It is creditable to the party that it shows its admiration for his character as it does.—Chicago Herald.

The Covington correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer says: "Of the many gay summer parties that have been formed, to beguile the heated term away with glad hours and pleasant memories, none have been merrier or had more real enjoyment than the one so admirably chaperoned by three handsome Kentucky ladies—Mrs. Major Withers, Mrs. Amelia Ernst Semple, Mrs. S. T. Timberlake. The party was an especial compliment to the attractive guests of Miss Leila Semple, Miss Darnall, of Lexington, Ky., and Miss Mattie Ward Evans, of Maysville."

The teachers' institute of Brown County, Ohio, will be held at Georgetown this month, beginning on the 23rd.

Personal.
Miss Mary Malloy, of Germantown, is visiting at Cincinnati.

Miss Clara Staton, of Helena, is visiting the Misses Hicks, of Chester.

Will Riggs, of Cincinnati, is in town on a short visit to friends and relatives.

Emile Fry, of the Frankfort Capital office, is spending a few days in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Morgan, of Chicago, are in town on a visit to relatives.

Samuel Nathan, of Baltimore, is visiting his sister, Mrs. M. Davis, of Market street.

Mrs. Frank Foster, of Covington, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Greenwood.

Miss Lula Shackleford, of St. Louis, arrived Saturday evening on a visit to Misses Emma and Lena Means.

Miss Maude Wilson and brother Omar, of Frankfort, are spending a few days with their parents at Aberdeen.

Colonel and Mrs. Frank S. Owens came in Saturday evening from a visit to their daughter, Mrs. E. R. Blaine, at Lexington.

Miss Belle Davis Phister and Miss Etta Everett, of Maysville, Ky., are the guests of Mrs. Basil Duke, of Covington, Ky.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Covington correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer says Miss Annie Wood, of Washington, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Lee Mannen.

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Galbraith returned Saturday evening from Mammoth Cave, where they attended a meeting of the State Teachers' Association the past week.

Miss Blanche Mealey, of Lexington, arrived Friday evening to attend the funeral of Mrs. Bridget Kane, and will remain here a few days, the guest of Miss Hannah Kane.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

GERMANTOWN.

Mrs. S. J. Williams will spend several weeks with relatives near Maysville.

Frank M. Savage, of Cincinnati, was in town Saturday.

Dr. A. H. Wall and wife, of Maysville, were the guests of their son-in-law, Dr. Dimmit, last week.

Hon. Garrett S. Wall was in town Saturday.

Professor H. C. Wilson, of Robertson, is spending several days in town and vicinity prospecting for a school.

The Misses Myall, of Maysville, are guests of Miss Mary Walton.

Hon. Sam Walton, who holds a responsible position in the Comptroller's Department at Washington City, is spending the heated season with his father, J. H. Walton.

Clarence Pogue, of Berlin, B. C., is visiting relatives here.

Miss Lizzie Asbury, of Augusta, is the guest of Mrs. Lou Dimmit.

Miss Achas Guy is visiting her uncle at Washington.

Miss Fannie Florer will spend the week with Miss Gertrude W. Arlington, near Fern Leaf.

Two beautiful roses when brought together but serve to increase each other's loveliness.

Timely showers and sunshine are pushing the crops of corn and tobacco forward very rapidly.

Elder Stafford filled his appointment day and night on Sunday.

Rev. Ebright in consequence of the feeble condition of his health, did not fill his pulpit Sunday night.

Mrs. Laura Thompson was called Saturday to the bedside of her niece, near Augusta, Miss Anna Lunderdon, who is very low with typhoid fever. The old schoolroom enjoyed a monopoly of that disease. Hadn't there been the State Board of Health to investigate the matter?

A WONDERFUL MIDSUMMER CUT.

Pure Leaf Lard, per pound, only.....	10
Ton large bars Soap.....	25
Two large cans of Apples.....	15
Five dozen large Pickles only.....	25
One pound good Baking Powder.....	15
Six hundred Matches only.....	5
One large can Mustard Sardines.....	10
One large bottle Snider Catsup.....	20
Headquarters for Vegetables and all kinds of Fruit. Watermelons always on ice.	

L. HILL Public Sale.

The undersigned, as executors of Henry Bramel, deceased, will offer at public sale on

TUESDAY, July 10,

1888, that fine tract of land containing

228 1/2 ACRES

situated one mile south of Washington, Mason County, Ky., on the Maysville and Lexington road. The Farm will be offered as a whole and also in two tracts, one containing 113 1/2 acres and the other 115 acres, and will be sold in these separate tracts if it should bring more than way.

The improvements consist of a Dwelling House of ten rooms, one Tenant House, two good Tobacco Barns sufficient to house fifteen acres, and good Barn and Stable and other outbuildings, good and the land is in a fine state of cultivation and has never-failing springs and running water; has good Orchard, and is in as good neighborhood as can be found anywhere. Convenient to schools and churches.

TERMS—Bonds for the purchase money bearing 6 per cent. interest from March 1st, 1888, required on day of sale, 1/2 payable Mar. 1st, 1889, and 1/2 on Mar. 1, 1890, and one on Mar. 1, 1891. Good security required. Lease will also be retained on land for the unpaid purchase money. Deed executed Mar. 1, 1888, when full possession will be given. Possession for seeding given next fall. Sale will take place at ten o'clock a. m.

JOHN T. BRAMEL, } Executors.
JOHN W. POWER, }

CAMP MEETING AT RUGGLES' CAMP GROUNDS,

August 9th to 20th, '88.

The annual meeting will convene on the above date and continue for ten days. The grounds are in fine condition. A fine, large elater has been added to water supply. A good audience will be present, and their Bishop, I. W. Joyce, A. L. Banks, D. D., and all other preachers of the district are expected to be present and assist in the meeting.

Rev. H. T. Garrett, of Covington, Ky., will have charge of the children's chapel services. Rev. C. H. Williamson, of Dayton, Ky., will have charge of the singing and will be assisted by a soprano soloist. Mr. R. W. Ruggles will have charge of the hotel. Hambrick & Bro. will have charge of the confectionery, Baggage and stable privileges.

There will be conveyances to and from the grounds morning and evening under the control of Barbour & Grey.

Rev. A. Boreling, P. E., will have charge of the services. One too poor to pay entrance fee will be admitted free of charge.

JOHN WALSH, Sec'y.

HIGH-BRIDGE!

The annual Camp Meeting will be held

July 12th to 23d.

SAM JONES will be present from the 16th to the close. Other prominent ministers will also be present. Fine scenery. Near cottages. Professor Bristol will be in charge of the music. A pleasant and enjoyable time will be had by all.

URIAH HAMBRECK, Dry Run, Scott County, Ky.

ENTRANCE NOTICE.

Strayed from the farm of William and Joseph McNutt, on the Germantown and Maysville pike, two and one-half miles from Maysville, one light bay mare twelve years old; white hind foot; saddle and collar marks; no shoes on; lame in left hock joint. She left home with a web halter on. Anyone giving us information of her will be rewarded for their trouble.

W. M. & JOSH MCNUTT, Moransburg, Ky.

Legal Notice.

All persons having claims against Lewis W. Brodt will please present them for payment, and those owing him are requested to pay at once to the undersigned.

T. M. PEARCE, Assignee of Lewis W. Brodt

Jedw

Asse

mlidm

COME ONE AND ALL,

And see for yourselves and take advantage of the

Great Reduction In Summer Goods

Of every description. Beginning Monday morning, you will find bargains in every department. Come and be your own judge.

Henriketta Cloths, worth \$6, \$8 and \$10, now reduced to \$2.50, \$3.50 and \$4; a line of Embroidered Suits, formerly \$6, \$

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

MONDAY EVEN'G, JULY 9 1888.

Two Papers For The Price of One.

The following liberal offer is made to subscribers of the WEEKLY BULLETIN:

Those who are in arrears will, on paying up all dues and one year in advance, receive the Farmers' Home Journal, of Louisville, till the first of January, 1889, free of charge.

New cash-in-advance subscribers of the WEEKLY BULLETIN will also be sent the Journal until the above date.

This offer is good until July 15th.

Special arrangements have been made with the publishers of the Journal, which enable us to make this liberal proposition. Take advantage of it while you can.

INDICATIONS—"Stationary temperature, followed by warmer weather; local rains."

BROOKSVILLE votes on local option August 6.

The Carlisle News will be resurrected this week.

W. P. MAXEY is at Danville selling Ridpath's History.

A FULL assortment of fresh groceries at Hancock's, cheap.

NEW honey—California peaches, 12½ cents, at Calhoun's.

If you want a cool summer drink call at Bona's for Fru Miz. 7-2t

ALL kinds of country property insured by John Duley, agent.

THE last grand jury at Vanceburg report fifteen indictments.

JAMES OWENS carries the mail between this place and Vanceburg.

THOMAS HIGGINS, SR., of this county, has been allowed a pension.

MIKE HARDIMAN, formerly of Maysville, is at Pineville waiting for the boom.

THE July term of the Mason Circuit Court will convene to-morrow. The term will probably be a very short one.

HENRY CRAWFORD is building a neat two-story frame cottage on the south side of the Germantown pike, in the West End.

M. H. CURRENT had ten acres of tobacco destroyed by the storm near Millenburg Saturday evening, and Pen. Thomson thirty-five acres.

THE Fifth ward base ball club challenge the Athletics or any other nine west of Limestone Creek for a game to be played next Friday afternoon for from \$25 to \$50 a side.

MR. T. C. CAMPBELL, of Maysville, Ky., is in this city the guest of his son, A. M. Campbell. He will remain here for a few days attending to business.—Muncie, Ind., Daily News.

Saturday's Lexington Transcript says: "Miss Mamie Hocker, a most charming young lady of Maysville who has been attending the Chautauqua, will return home this morning."

SAM JONES is at Deering camp meeting and preaches twice a day. The late special train gives the people of this city an opportunity to attend evening services and return home by 11 o'clock.

HARMON STITT, a brother, of Mrs. John Duley of this city, has formed a partnership with Judge Hargis, and will open a law office at Paris. The style of the firm will be Hargis, Stiles & Stitt.

COL. THOMAS M. GIFFEN, traveling correspondent of the Commercial-Gazette, was in town Friday looking around for a residence. He will shortly move his family to this city.—Lexington Transcript.

DR. A. G. BROWNING received a telegram Saturday afternoon announcing the serious illness of his son Throop, at Staunton, Va. A message this morning, however, from the attending physician stated that his patient was better.

THE Kentucky State Music Teachers will hold their annual session at Newport this week, beginning to-morrow. Miss Sarah P. Wilkins, of Hayeswood, is one of the Vice Presidents and also a member of the executive committee. One hundred delegates are expected to be present.

If you are in need of a gold or silver watch, diamond ring, pin or eardrops, plain gold ring or a handsome bronze or marble clock, silver tea or table spoons, silver tea set, water set, gold or silver head umbrella, Hopper & Murphy, the jewelers, have the largest line of these goods to be found in Maysville, and prices guaranteed less than elsewhere.

"THE PEOPLE'S BANK."

Secretary Russell's Quarterly Report of the Condition of the M. C. B and S. Association.

MAYSVILLE, KY., July 2, 1887.
To the Officers and Members of the Mason County Building and Saving Association—Gentlemen: Below I hand you my report for the quarter ending June 30, 1888, viz:

Receipts.

Amt. cash in hands Treasurer April 2, 1888.....	\$ 524.47
Weekly dues.....	11,063.00
Monthly dues.....	511.60
Fines.....	33.90
Transfers.....	11.00
Solicitor's fees.....	89.00
Interest.....	1,844.70
Amounts due.....	8,844.70
Canceling mortgages.....	88.50
Initiation fee on 50 shares.....	157.50
Stock notes.....	190.00
From sale of property and dividend.....	602.45
For insurance and taxes.....	9.70-\$23,935.82

Disbursements.

By amount loaned on mortgages.....	9,000.00
Amt. loaned on stock.....	660.00
Amt. paid for 220 shares canceled.....	12,350.50
Amt. premium paid on 40 shares 2nd series.....	61.05
Amt. paid for 2nd series.....	71.00
Amt. paid rents, salaries, attorney, &c.....	355.11
Amt. paid for property.....	671.25
Treasurer.....	886.93-\$23,935.82

Each share has paid in as follows:

Second series.....	\$98.00
Third series.....	84.75
Fourth series.....	71.75
Fifth series.....	45.75
Sixth series.....	23.00
Seventh series.....	10.00
Eighth series.....	1.25

No. of shares in 2nd series commencing Jan. 1, 1881.....

No. of shares canceled as per report April 12, 1888.....

No. canceled this quarter.....

Leav. No. of shares in 2nd series.....

No. of shares in 3d series commencing Jan. 1, 1882.....

No. of shares canceled as per report April 2, 1888.....

No. canceled this quarter.....

Leav. No. shares in 3d series.....

No. of shares in 4th series commencing Jan. 1, 1883.....

No. of shares canceled as per report April 2, 1888.....

No. canceled this quarter.....

Leaving number of shares in 4th series.....

No. of shares in 5th series commencing Jan. 1st, 1885.....

No. of shares canceled as per report April 2, 1888.....

No. canceled this quarter.....

Leaving number of shares in 5th series.....

No. of shares in 6th series commencing Oct. 1, 1886.....

No. of shares canceled as per report April 2, 1888.....

No. canceled this quarter.....

Leaving No. shares in 6th series.....

No. of shares in 7th series commencing Oct. 1, 1887, report April 12, 1888.....

No. of shares subscribed for this quarter.....

Leaving No. of shares in 7th series.....

No. of shares in 8th series commencing June 1, 1888.....

Total No. of shares in the association.....

Very respectfully,

MILTON C. RUSSELL, Secretary.

That Rarest of Combinations.

True delicacy of flavor with true efficacy of action has been obtained in the famous California liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs. Its pleasant taste and beneficial effects have rendered it immensely popular. For sale in 50 cent and \$1 bottles.

Base Ball.

The Athletics defeated the Razzle Dazzles from the Fifth ward in an exciting and well-contested game last Saturday on the grounds near the K. C. depot. Score: 7 to 6. Trippett pitched a great game striking out sixteen men and allowing but five safe hits to be made off of his defective shoots and darts. Time of game one hour and forty minutes.

Public Sale.

The fine tract of land left by the late Henry Bramel will be offered at public auction to-morrow. The farm consists of 228½ acres and is situated one mile south of Washington. It is in an excellent state of cultivation, well improved and will be offered in two separate tracts. Further particulars can be had by referring to the advertisement in another column.

Big Failure at Paris.

W. H. Thomas, one of Bourbon's best known distillers, and his son-in-law, Jno. C. Morris, assigned Friday to C. Alexander, cashier of the Northern Bank, of Paris, for the benefit of their creditors. Assets of Mr. Thomas, 700 acres of fine land, with distillery and personality; liabilities, \$40,000. Assets of Mr. Morris, about 100 acres of fine land; liabilities enough to consume the assets. Mr. Thomas' financial embarrassment has been known for the past month or two, and the assignment was not unexpected.

An Old Citizen Gone.

The remains of David Dickson were interred yesterday morning at his old home near Lewisburg. The deceased died Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. Y. Nesbitt, of the Fifth ward. He was one of the oldest citizens of Mason County, being ninety-one years of age at his last birth-day, and had been in feeble health a long time. He was upright, honest and straightforward in all his dealings throughout a long life and was universally esteemed by his many acquaintances. Two of his children, Thos. Dickson and Mrs. W. H. Wallingford, and his grand-daughter, Mrs. T. Y. Nesbitt, survive him.

I. G. RAWN has been appointed superintendent of transportation of the Mayville and Big Sandy Railroad. Trains are to be put on soon between this city and Ashland, and will be run for the benefit of the construction company. The railroad company will not receive any portion of the route until the whole is completed.

MR. AND MRS. HARVEY WELLS gave an elegant entertainment on the evening of the seventh in honor of Mr. Wells' mother, who will soon leave for her home in Sherman, Texas. Among those present were the sisters of the hostess, and Miss Doey, of Elizaville, Mrs. C. B. Pearce, Jr., and daughters, Mrs. Charles Phister, Miss E. B. Lowry and Mrs. Higginbotham.

A SPECIAL from Millersburg says: "At half-past six o'clock Saturday evening a cyclone and hail storm struck Hooktown, three miles from this place, carrying with it general destruction to crops and property. It destroyed several hundred acres of tobacco by twisting it up by the roots, blowing down out-houses, barns, fences and everything in its path. It passed within a half mile of this place in an eastern direction. The loss is estimated at \$200,000."

AMONG the guests at Escalapia Springs are: S. A. Crocker, Mrs. S. A. Crocker, Samuel Crocker, Alfred Crocker, Mr. Kern and wife, Mrs. W. W. Bean, Miss Nannie Keith Bean, Dr. W. G. Keith and wife, A. Moss and family, Isaac R. H. Langdale and wife, all of Cincinnati; Thomas Brady and wife, Ironon, O.; Judge J. S. Power and wife and J. Heflin and wife, Flemingsburg; F. Bode and wife, Wm. Hasson, Wm. Doualdson and family, Dayton, Ky.

A CITIZEN of Maysville authorizes the BULLETIN to say that he is ready and anxious to put \$2,500 in a joint stock company any day to equip and operate a boot and shoe factory in this city. An enterprise of this sort ought to prove as profitable here as at any other point, and no doubt would. The money required ought to be secured with but little trouble, if one or two energetic citizens would only take hold of the matter. Information as to the party ready to subscribe the \$2,500 can be had at this office by any one who means business.

THE Courier-Journal gives some good advice to the farmers of the country, and says: "It is of great importance to farmers to see that their wheat in sheaf is thoroughly dry before threshing, as the grain is irretrievably injured if threshed out while the sheaf is wet or damp. There is no loss, but profit rather, in any necessary delay on this account, as the thimblerigging pirates of the Chicago Board of Trade have got every market in the country into a state of complete demoralization just now."

"There has not been a more unfavorable juncture in the American markets for the selling of wheat in a quarter of a century than now, but the facts of the situation are all favorable for a better turn in affairs later on. The winter wheat crop of the United States is 50,000,000 to 70,000,000 bushels short of the average yield, and present indications are to the effect that foreign crops which last year were estimated 115,000,000 bushels above the average, will this year be largely short of the average. This visible supply is singularly light, compared with recent years at this point of the season, and it is diminishing at the rate of 700,000 to 1,000,000 bushels a week.

River News.

Four feet of water below the dam at Pittsburg at last accounts.

Due upto-night: Boston for Pomeroy. Due down: Bonanza this evening and Big Sandy to-night.

The Manchester Signal says it is rumored the steamer Big Sandy will soon be placed in the lower trade, and her place in the Pomeroy line filled by the Bonanza.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness, more economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate Powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 Wall St., New York

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness, more economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate Powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 Wall St., New York

A. HONAN'S SLAUGHTER SALE

OF

BOOTS and SHOES For Cash.

Although our cut-price sale in the past three weeks has largely reduced our stock, we still have a great many choice Summer Shoes and Slippers that must be sold, and we mean to sell every pair during the month of July. So we have made further reductions in prices. We quote no prices this week, but simply ask you to come in and let us show you what we have.

THE LATTER DAY SAINTS.

THE OPINION OF THE MANAGER OF THE SALT LAKE HERALD.

The Antagonistics Between the Gentiles and the Mormons Have Gradually Died Out and the City Is Now Booming—Polygamy no Longer Being Preached.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Mr. R. W. Sloan, manager of the Salt Lake City Daily Herald, is in the city, doing missionary work both for Mormons and Gentiles. He said yesterday that they had been trying for some time to stop quarreling out in Salt Lake and had succeeded admirably. There are, as there always likely to be, differences of opinion between Gentiles and Mormons, he said, but the animosities no longer appear in business dealings nor in local public improvements.

"At the municipal election held last February," Mr. Sloan said, "four prominent anti-Mormons were made members of the city council by Mormon votes. It was the result of a concession by Mormons and accepted by Gentiles. On all questions of local improvements and of the advancement of Salt Lake City materially both parties stand as a unit; they go into business ventures jointly, they celebrate the Fourth of July together, and they contribute alike of their funds to popular subscriptions devised for the purpose of setting forth our natural resources.

"I think both sides are pretty well tired of quarreling. It was a constant drawback to the city, and the desire to participate in the prosperity of other western cities has had a great deal to do with bringing about a little community of feeling. Any marked material advancement was impossible without united effort on the part of all classes of citizens. There has never been a time when capital or life was unsafe in Utah, though such an impression has prevailed. But we are only now awakening to the fact that it is not enough for us to know property and life to be safe, nor that Utah is so wonderfully blessed in minerals and in agricultural and manufacturing possibilities.

"The Mormons," Mr. Sloan said, "have helped so bring about a change, and they know what will be its result if successful, and invite all people to come in and assist in building up Utah. Polygamy is not preached, and those who have the oath to obey the law will keep it."

As a Mormon, he said that he knew that the adoption of the anti-polygamy plank in the state constitution, recently formulated, was a sincere movement.

A BOLD JOB.

Highwaymen Attack Four Chicagoans on the Central Boulevard of the City.

CHICAGO, July 9.—The story of a bold highway robbery on central boulevard, in this city, the evening of the Fourth, which the police sought to keep secret, has come to light. At the time Humboldt park was filled with people, and numbers of celebrators were on their way down town on the neighboring streets crossing the boulevard. Frederick F. Sherman, with S. Henry Dunning and two other men, were driving north on the boulevard in a two seated buggy.

Just as they were reaching Chicago avenue, a wagon containing three men drove directly in front of them on the intersecting street, bringing them to a halt. The three men leaped from the wagon and at the same time two others sprang from a hiding place at the side of the boulevard. Sherman and his three friends were dragged from their buggy by the five daring thieves despite their resistance. Dunning and Sherman stood their ground, but their two friends took to flight. One of the thieves tore out the whole front of Sherman's shirt to get his \$350 diamond stud. Two men who saw the assault upon the occupants of the buggy ran up, and the thieves leaped into their wagon and drove away. The police have hopes of capturing them.

A Democratic Mascot.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Four years ago, while the presidential canvass was at white heat, so to speak, a poor little waif of a forlorn and forsaken kitten strayed into the National Democratic headquarters in New York. The managers and assistants quickly construed it as an omen of good luck, and the little kitten was kindly cared for. It was nurtured on milk until large enough and strong enough to masticate and digest stronger food. Then it fared sumptuously every day on the best the Hoffman house afforded.

When the result of the election in New York was question the men at Democratic headquarters pointed to their mascot and declared Cleveland would be president. When the result was declared that cat was made a prominent feature in the jollification proceedings. When the contest was finally ended and headquarters abandoned, Capt. John Trainer, now secretary of the library commission, who had been assisting his party during the canvass, brought the cat to Washington, and it has been a favorite guest at his residence ever since.

It is now a full-grown and well developed Democratic cat. It is decorated with pictures of the Democratic candidates and a bandana collar. As soon as the National headquarters are opened for the pending fight the cat will be sent to New York to become a figure in the combat for Cleveland's re-election.

Society of Christian Endeavor.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Threatening clouds and falling raindrops had no effect in dampening the ardor of the people who are in attendance upon the National convention of the Society of Christian Endeavor, and Battery D held a thousand more persons at 9 o'clock this morning than were present at the opening of the convention yesterday morning. The galleries all around the great hall were filled, and, as on yesterday, it was noticeable that more than three-fourths of the audience were ladies.

The Sixtieth Victim.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—The sixtieth execution that has taken place on the gallows at Fort Smith, Ark., was witnessed there Friday, by about a hundred people. The culprit in this case was Gus Bogles, a boot-blacker of Dennison, Tex., nineteen years old, who murdered William Morgan at Blue Tank, in the Creek Nation, a year ago. The drop fell at 12:32 p. m., and although the victim's neck was broken he struggled very hard and was twelve and a half minutes dying. Bogles had a very ugly disposition, and swore he would never hang. Friday morning he thrust his hand through the grating of his cell and snatched a pistol from the guard, but before he could use it a fellow prisoner took it from him.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a Terse and Spicy Manner.

Xenia, O., has a Democratic "Hickory Club."

Flint glass workers' annual convention at Canton, O.

Fort Smith, Ark., had its sixtieth execution Friday.

Hillsboro, O., college will have a normal school attachment.

The saloonists of St. Louis will open Sunday to test the new closing law.

William Landreth, murderer of his step-daughter, was hanged at Portland, Ore.

Rev. Thomas F. Managan is spoken of to succeed the Vicar General Conway, of Chicago.

Manager William C. Mitchell, of the People's theater, St. Louis, fell from a cage-car and was killed.

John J. Mahoney, the New York bookmaker, bets \$20,000 to \$10,000 that Cleveland will be elected.

The survivors of Company H, of the old Fifty-ninth regiment, held a reunion at Bethel, Clermont county, Ohio.

Senator Culkin's coachman, Joseph M. Chase, was found guilty of manslaughter in driving over Professor E. A. Paul.

Senator Ingalls says a letter in the New York Sun, purporting to have been written by him to W. W. Phelps, is a forgery.

At Salt Lake City, the church farm, valued at \$150,000, was reclaimed in government proceedings against the Mormons.

Conductor John Dwyer and two other men were blown from a train near Monmouth, W. T., by a cyclone and fatally injured.

The notification committee of the Republican National convention called upon Levi P. Morton Saturday at Rheinbeck, N. Y.

Hon. E. S. Hammond, once a political power in Ohio, now resident of Washington, celebrated his eightieth birthday Friday.

A high tidal-wave suddenly struck the ship City of Rome, July 1, and injured several persons, besides carrying off the ship's boat.

Charles Fossenden, of Youngstown, O., sue the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio railroad for \$30,000 equivalent for injuries in an accident.

It is getting to be so rare a thing to strike a water well in the gassy gas country that the fact of finding one is telegraphed from New Bremen, O.

William Gray, of Hampton county, South Carolina, put a bullet through the heart of Craddock Mew, whom he found in improper relations with Gray's wife.

Xenia, O., is in a peck of trouble over an effort to settle the affairs of her defunct National bank and the midnight depredations of the prowling chicken thief.

Capt. Andrews and his Dark Secret, on their way to England, were spoken on July 2. The captain had had a rough time of it in his little boat and felt very much used up.

Robert Bryan, aged sixteen, colored, hangs at a Henderson, Ky., tree. The mob that put him there objected to his summary manner of carving the life out of Riley Hancock, aged nineteen.

Joseph Meek, worth \$260,000, is at Long Branch, and has a detective always with him. He thinks his wife and mother-in-law are in a plot to put him in an asylum and get possession of his money.

Mrs. Elizabeth McEntyre, of New York, is under the delusion that her husband's spirit now inhabits a little boy. She makes love to all the youngsters, and has proved herself a source of terror to them.

Samuel Thomas, aged forty-five, eloped from Sharon, Pa., with Della Bolton, aged sixteen, his niece. He was heavily in debt to merchants and farmers, and had an action of divorce pending against his wife.

The commissioners of Grant county, Indiana, have awarded to the Massillon Bridge company, of Massillon, O., the contract for the new bridge over the Mississinewa river at Marion. The structure will cost \$19,000.

Three youths, Ed. Finley, H. Halliday and J. Morewood, supposed to be of Springfield, Ill., were murdered by Indians in Indian Territory, to avenge the death of a half breed, who, it is thought, had been killed by the boys.

W. H. Escue is in jail at Ironton, O., charged with using undue influence to secure a favorable verdict in a lawsuit. When Justice Belville decided against him he promptly mopped the floor with the law dispenser.

D. W. Earhart, of Lebanon, O., is cited to appear before the honorable court and prove, if he can, that his Broadway club is not a weapon to knock the Dow low silly and lead drinkers down the broad way of destruction.

The three members of the firm of Shotwell, Cleibrew & Lothman, which failed some days ago, were arrested in Minneapolis on a warrant sworn out by the cashier of a bank to which the firm is largely indebted, on a charge of swindling.

Blountsville, Ind., treated Elder Polly to a dose of spoiled eggs because he lectured on prohibition; then the hoodlums brought out anvils and celebrated the Fourth. Polly did not want so much as cracker to assist in the whooping up of the day of freedom.

Witnesses testified that Tom Ferguson, of Waverly, O., left his horse to struggle in the canal over an hour before it drowned, without an effort to get it out. He was fined \$15, but whether the witness was fined for alowing the cruelty deponent sayeth not.

Young Ladies' Republican club at Vincennes, Ind., cut down a 100-foot tree, trimmed and dragged it to town, planted and run up the Harrison flag, and with disordered bangles, pounded fingers and wild enthusiasm voted the g. o. p. too sweet for anything.

Scott county, Kentucky, is the scene of a blue grass vendetta; 200 men, guided by Sheriff Hedger, are searching for Caleb Parker, murderer of a constable who had the temerity to serve a writ upon him. He is in the hands of his friends, who swear to stand by him.

Canadian police have arrested in Toronto the notorious counterfeiter, Johnson, who escaped from the United States authorities in Detroit three weeks ago. The department of justice will decide in a few days whether Johnson shall be tried there or returned to the United States.

She Got All There Was.

LIBERTY, Ind., July 9.—Mrs. Ermina Lederhaus has been granted a divorce in the Union circuit court from her husband, Herman Lederhaus, on the grounds of cruelty and inhuman treatment and given \$300 alimony in the custody of her children, the household goods and a barber shop thrown in. Lederhaus, besides being a barber, is a band teacher and a musician, well known in certain circles of Cincinnati as a musician.



Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the great Universities as the Strongest, Purest and most Healthful. Dr. Price's CREAM BAKING POWDER does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in cans. DR. PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., Chicago, St. Louis.

LATEST.



GLORIOUS VICTORY!

Joyful tidings to the thousands: the Mammoth Furniture Store of HENRY ORT offers a large stock of Brand New Styles, at prices on

MODERN CHAMBER SUITS,

Latest Styles of Parlor Work, Folding Bed, Lounges and Beds, Sideboards, Bookcases, Wardrobes and all other articles in the line of

Household FURNITURE,

that will make it interesting to buyers. Our trade is increasing, and to make it boom, we have made prices to suit the times. We carry a large stock, and are the drivers of low cash prices. Come and see; we will treat you right. Remember, square dealing at

THE HENRY ORT FURNITURE STORE,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

PAINTS, BRUSHES, FANCY GOODS, PURE DRUGS.

Prescriptions a specialty at all hours.

J. JAMES WOOD.

150 Meals for \$1.00

FOR INFANTS and INVALIDS

THE PHYSICIAN'S FAVORITE.

Possesses many Important Advantages over all other prepared Foods.

BABIES CRY FOR IT, INVALIDS RELISH IT.

Perfectly nourishes a Baby with or without the addition of milk.

Three Sizes. 25c. 50c. \$1.00.

A valuable pamphlet on "The Nutrition of Infants and Invalids."

W. E. DR. COURTY, M. D., St. Joseph's Foundling Asylum, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., BURLINGTON, VT.

The Bee Hive

A FEW OF OUR GREAT LEADERS:

Twenty-six-inch Gold-Head Gloria Silk Umbrellas, excellent quality, only \$1.95, worth \$3.00; same quality with natural handles, \$1.75, worth \$2.50.

All pure Silk Mitts, for Misses, 12½ cts., same for Ladies at 15 cts. a pair and up.

Ladies' Colored Border Hemstitch Handkerchiefs at 5 cents.

Ladies' Ribbed Lisle Thread Undervests at 25 cents, worth 50 cents.

Men's Gauze Undershirts, splendid quality, at 25 cents, fully worth 50 cents.

Lace Flouncings, big variety, forty-five inches wide, only 50 cts a yard, worth \$1;

Swiss Embroidery Flouncings, forty-five inches wide, 50 cents a yard, worth double.

Reinforced Bosoms, good quality Linen and Muslin Undershirts, 45 cts; other houses get 75 cents for the same Shirt.

Twenty-four sheet good writing paper for 5 cents.

Twenty-five good Envelopes for 5 cents.

Mosquito Bar, two yards wide, all colors, 5 cents a yard.

Big Palm Leaf Fans for 10 cents a dozen.

Also great drives in Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Corsets, Towels, Table Linens, Napkins, Window Shades, Oil Cloths, Carpets, &c., &c., at

THE BEE HIVE.

Rosenau Bros., Props.

«GREAT CUT-PRICE SALE»

OF

CARPETS.

We have this day marked down every single piece of Carpet in our stock. Come early if you want a bargain. Floor Oil Cloths and Window Shades very cheap. Terms CASH.

J. W. SPARKS & BRO.,

24 Market Street.

A PURELY VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Our Safe Family Doctor. A Safe and Reliable Remedy in all Cases. A Complete Family Medicine. Perfect Substitute for Calomel. The Greatest Remedy of the Age for Bilious Diseases.

The most effective preparation known for removing tile from the system, and restoring the normal action of the liver and the kidneys. It has a rapid alterative and sedative effect upon the system. It revives and restores it to healthy vigor. It increases the appetite and aids in the digestion and assimilation of the food. It can be given with

PERFECT SAFETY

to children or adults of any age in all cases where there is a derangement of the system.

MALARIA ERADICATOR AND LIVER REGULATOR

It has been used with most wonderful effect in Colds, Bilious Colic, Cholera,